Clean technologies for producing critical materials from wastes and mineral ores

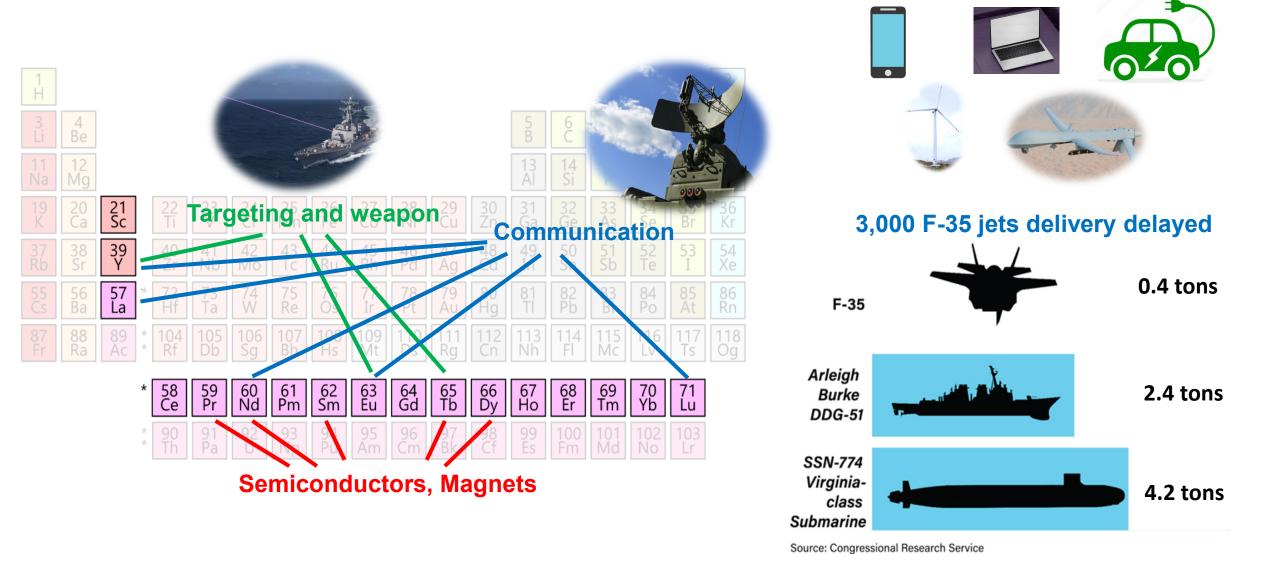
Prof. N.-H. Linda Wang
Norman and Jane Li Professor of Chemical Engineering
Davidson School of Chemical Engineering, Purdue University
Feb 7th, 2025







Rare earth elements (REEs) are "vitamins" for modern technology



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Rising Demand and Chinese Refining Dominance

45,000 tons/yr REE concentrates currently sent from US to China for refining

China Controls Refining of Critical Materials

Copper China Chile C

Nickel China Indonesia C

Cobalt China Finland

Lithium China Chile

Graphite China

50%

75%

100%

USA: 7th largest REE reserve



- 1.8 million tons REO reserve in California
- 1.5 million tons REO reserve in Greenland

25%

Challenges of REE Refining

Solvent extraction requires 1,000 mixer-settlers & produces toxic waste.



Lake in Inner Mongolia

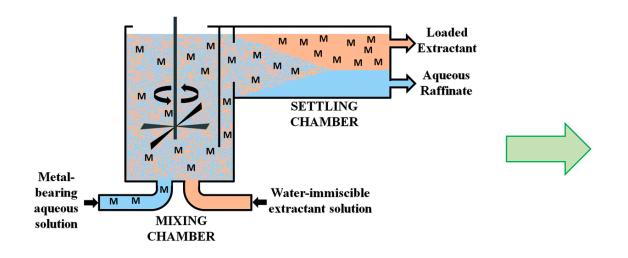
US cannot use solvent extraction economically for REE refining.

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Purdue Innovation Conventional Refining vs Chromatography

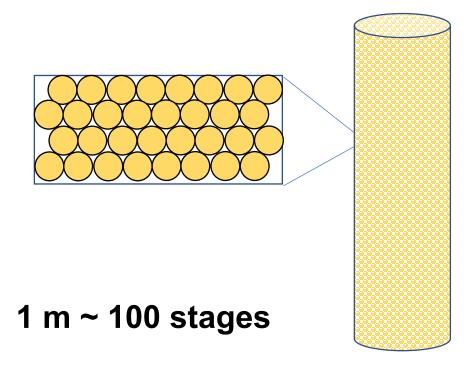
Chromatography: 500-1,000 m²/g → a smaller separator volume

1 mixer-settler in solvent extraction



1 m ~ 1 stage

1 equilibrium stage in chromatography

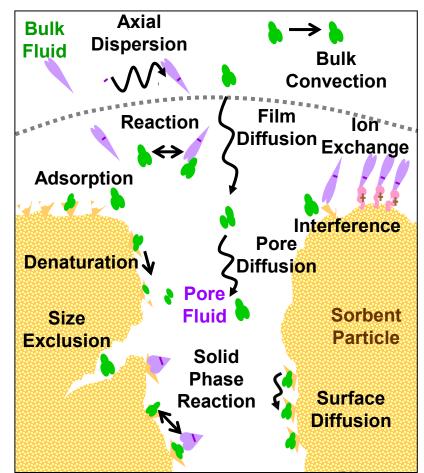


Purdue Chromatography Methods Efficient and Scalable by Design

Standing Wave Design

18 factors $3^{18} = 387 \times 10^6$





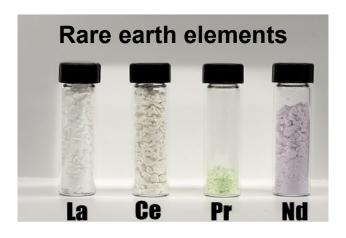
VErsatile
Reaction
SEparation
Simulation
Tool
(VERSE)
"Digital Process
Twin"

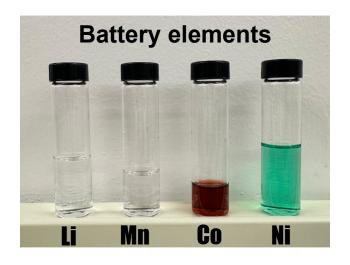
- SMB for fructose/glucose separation in 1998
- SMBs for insulin purification in 2003 & chiral drug separation in 2006

Purdue technology

Production of pure critical elements from ores and waste







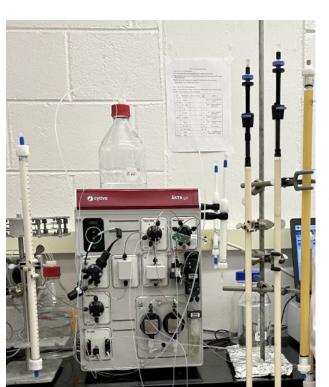
Scalability Laboratory Pilot







Purdue



1,500 X



ReElement Pilot Plant Noblesville, IN



Marion Ad. Technology Center Marion, IN





150 L Column

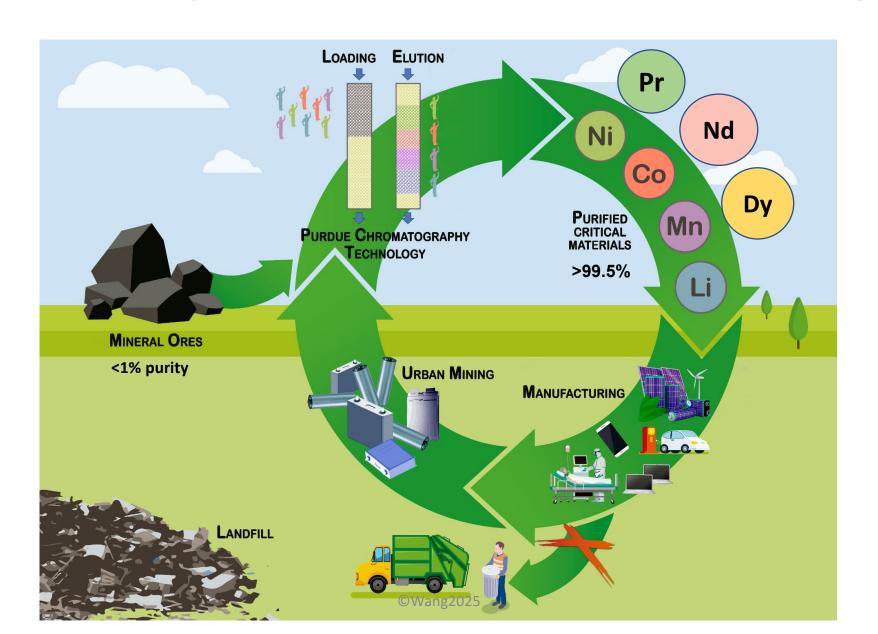
50 m³ Column 1,000 tons REO/yr

100 mL Column

Impact of Purdue Innovation

	Solvent Extraction	Purdue	Advantages
Safety	Flammable solventsToxic extractantsHarsh chemicals	Aqueous solutionDilute acid & base	Safer
OPEX	1	0.5	Lower
Yield	88-90%	>95%	Higher
Productivity	1	>10	Higher
Environ. Footprints	1	0.1	Low environ. impact
Feedstocks and products	Specific	Flexible	More versatile
Separators	>1,000	2	Fewer
CAPEX	1	0.1	Lower
Waste	Acidic wastewater	Almost zero waste	Cleaner

Circular Economy for a Sustainable Clean Energy Future



Questions and Discussion



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